## **Explanatory Notes to the Data on BWCE Renewable Energy Generation**

All  $CO_2$  figures are in tonnes of  $CO_2$  equivalent ( $CO_2$ e), meaning that they take into account global heating potential of all greenhouse gases, but expressed in terms of the global heating potential of one unit of  $CO_2$ .

## Data assumptions on electricity demand during period from a number of typical homes

Assumes 2,900 kWh per year consumed by a typical home without electric storage heaters. From Ofgem <a href="https://www.ofgem.gov.uk/gas/retail-market/monitoring-data-and-statistics/typical-domestic-consumption-values">https://www.ofgem.gov.uk/gas/retail-market/monitoring-data-and-statistics/typical-domestic-consumption-values</a>.

## Data assumptions on tonnes CO<sub>2</sub>e

Assumes 0.21107 kgCO<sub>2</sub>e/kWh generated. Includes losses from transmission and distribution. From <a href="https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/greenhouse-gas-reporting-conversion-factors-2022">https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/greenhouse-gas-reporting-conversion-factors-2022</a>.

Data assumptions on number of journeys from Bath to Edinburgh via train Assumes 0.03549 kgCO<sub>2</sub>e/passenger km for national rail travel. From <a href="https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/greenhouse-gas-reporting-conversion-factors-2022">https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/greenhouse-gas-reporting-conversion-factors-2022</a>.

## Data assumptions on money retained in the local area

Assumes that approximately 35% of BWCE's annual income is retained locally and is spread pro rata across the year in line with the level of generation in the year to date. Within a traditional commercial project, it is assumed that virtually all project income is exported out of the area.